

Speed up execution of **Django tests**

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I am...

- Python developer at oDesk Professional Services
- Like write tests, but not only in TDD manner
- github.com/playpauseandstop
- djangonaut.blogspot.com
- djangonaut.posterous.com

Django tests

What I've used?

- Django 1.3.1
- SQLite 3.7.5
- PostgreSQL 9.1
- MySQL 5.5.15
- Did not try to speed up tests on other database backends like Oracle or NoSQL solutions

Test settings

- TEST_RUNNER
- DATABASES
 - TEST_NAME
 - TEST_USER
 - TEST_CHARSET
 - TEST_COLLATION
 - TEST_DEPENDENCIES
 - TEST_MIRROR

Test settings

```
$ python manage.py test --settings=test_settings app ...
```

```
test_settings.py
```

```
from settings import *
```

```
DATABASES = { ... }
```

```
EMAIL_BACKEND = 'django.core.mail.backends.locmem.EmailBackend'
```

```
if 'south' in INSTALLED_APPS:  
    INSTALLED_APPS = list(INSTALLED_APPS)  
    INSTALLED_APPS.remove('south')
```

```
try:  
    from local_test_settings import *  
except ImportError:  
    pass
```

Test project

- 2 test packages
- 34 test modules
- 621 tests
- near 11300 lines of code in test modules

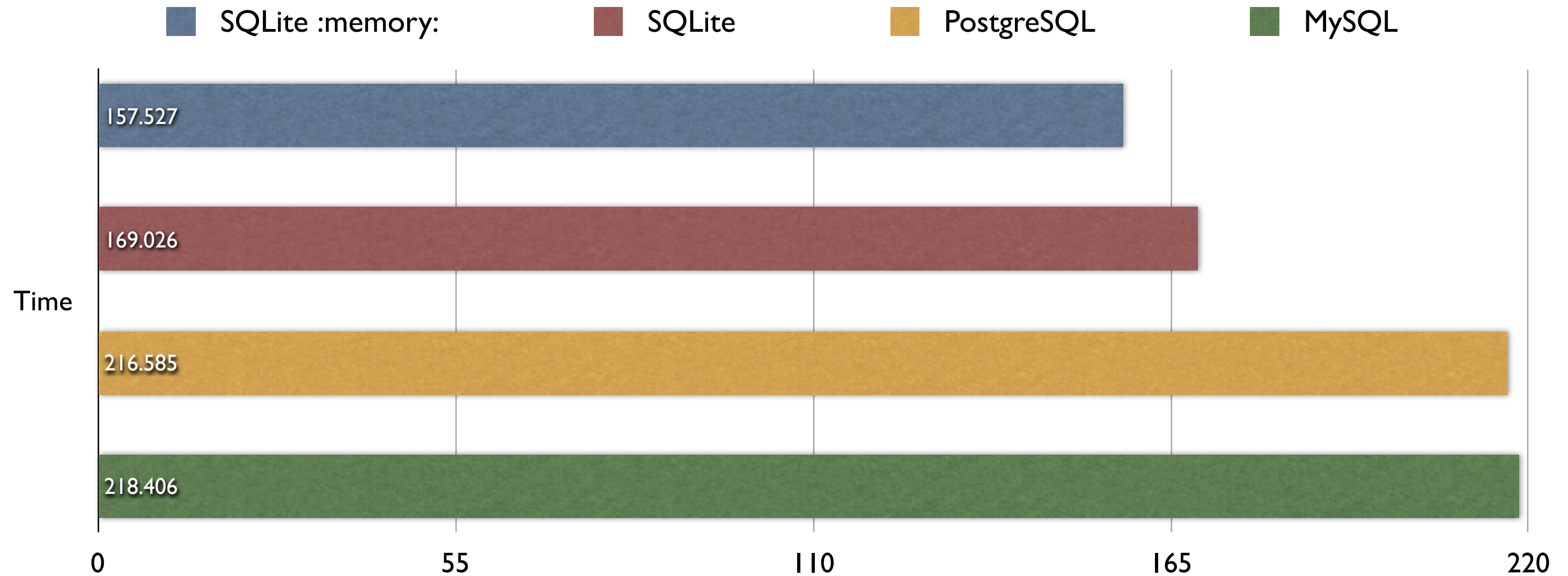
Test machine

- Intel Core 2 Duo E6300 1.86 GHz
- 4GB Ram
- 7200rpm HDD
- openSUSE 11.4 x86_64
- Python 2.7

First results

Database	TEST_NAME	Time
SQLite	:memory:	157.527s
SQLite	test_sqlite3.db	169.026s
PostgreSQL	test_postgresql	216.585s
MySQL	test_mysql	218.406s

First results



Note: In-memory SQLite database is fastest solution for running tests out of box

Speeding it up

1st Solution

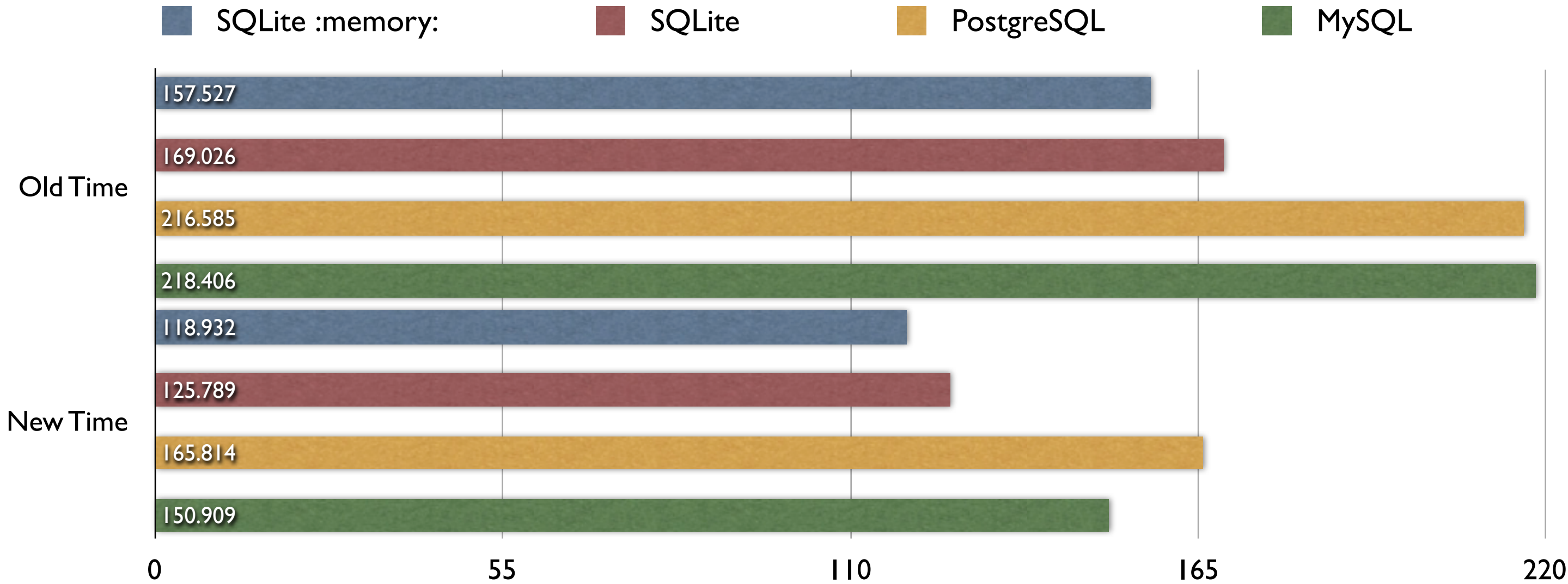
Obvious. Improve hardware

- *From Intel Core 2 Duo E6300 1.86 GHz to Intel Core i5*
- *From 4GB 667 MHz to 4GB 1333 MHz DDR3*
- *From 7200rpm HDD to SSD*
- *Do not forget to upgrade software too :) Tests in Django 1.3 run a **bit** faster than in 1.2 and a **lot** faster than in 1.1*

New results

Database	TEST_NAME	Time
SQLite	:memory:	118.932s
SQLite	test_sqlite3.db	125.789s
PostgreSQL	test_postgresql	165.814s
MySQL	test_mysql	150.909s

New results



2nd Solution

Run tests on internal machine

Jenkins continuous integration system

<http://jenkins-ci.org/>

```
# local machine  
git push origin <branch>
```

```
# Jenkins machine  
runtests.sh # or you should config how to run tests after each commit
```

Connect Jenkins and Django with **django-jenkins**

<https://github.com/kmmbvnr/django-jenkins>

2nd Solution

Run tests on internal machine

Local test server

Spend some money for new shiny hardware (Quad Core, SSD, etc) and run tests there with Jenkins or git hook or whatever else.

3rd Solution

Obvious. Find for **fat** tests

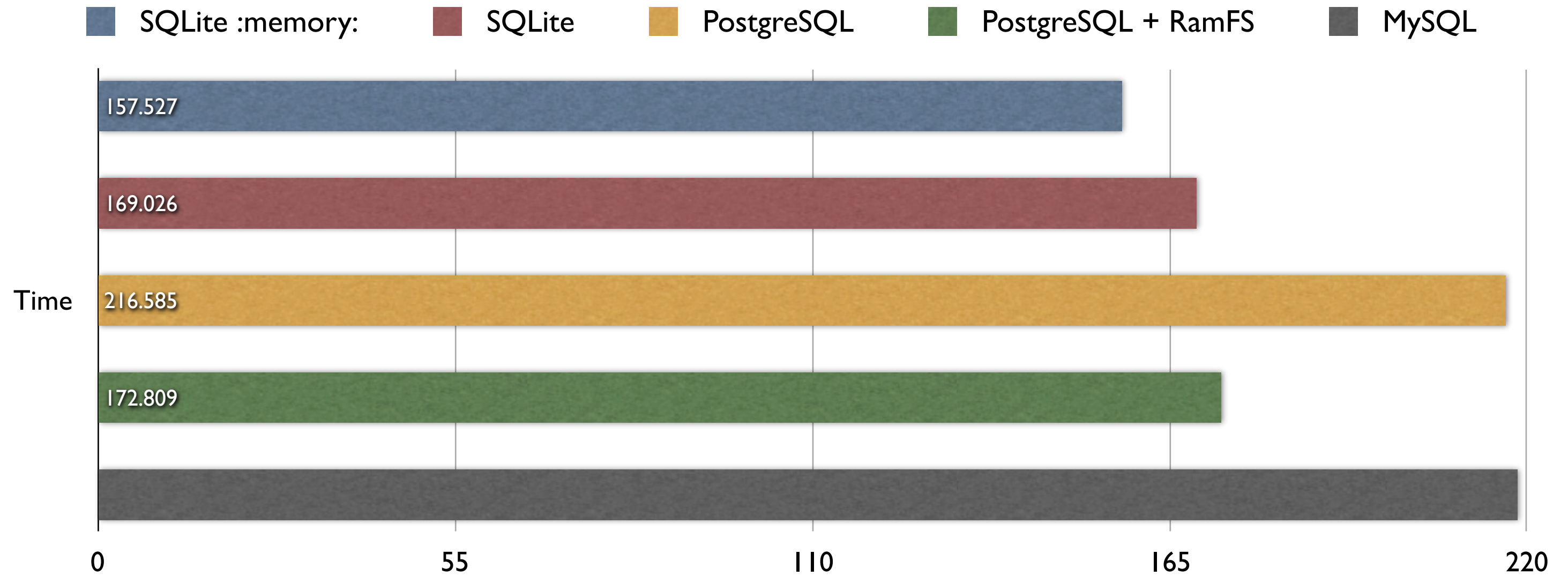
- Do not forget that tests is just a **Python** code
- All tips for speeding up Django ORM can be affected in tests too
- <https://docs.djangoproject.com/en/1.3/topics/db/optimization/>

4th Solution

PostgreSQL + RamFS (*tmpfs*)

- Mount a tmpfs
- Create second PostgreSQL instance on a different socket/port using this mount as data dir
- Tell Django to use it
- [More info by click](#)

Results

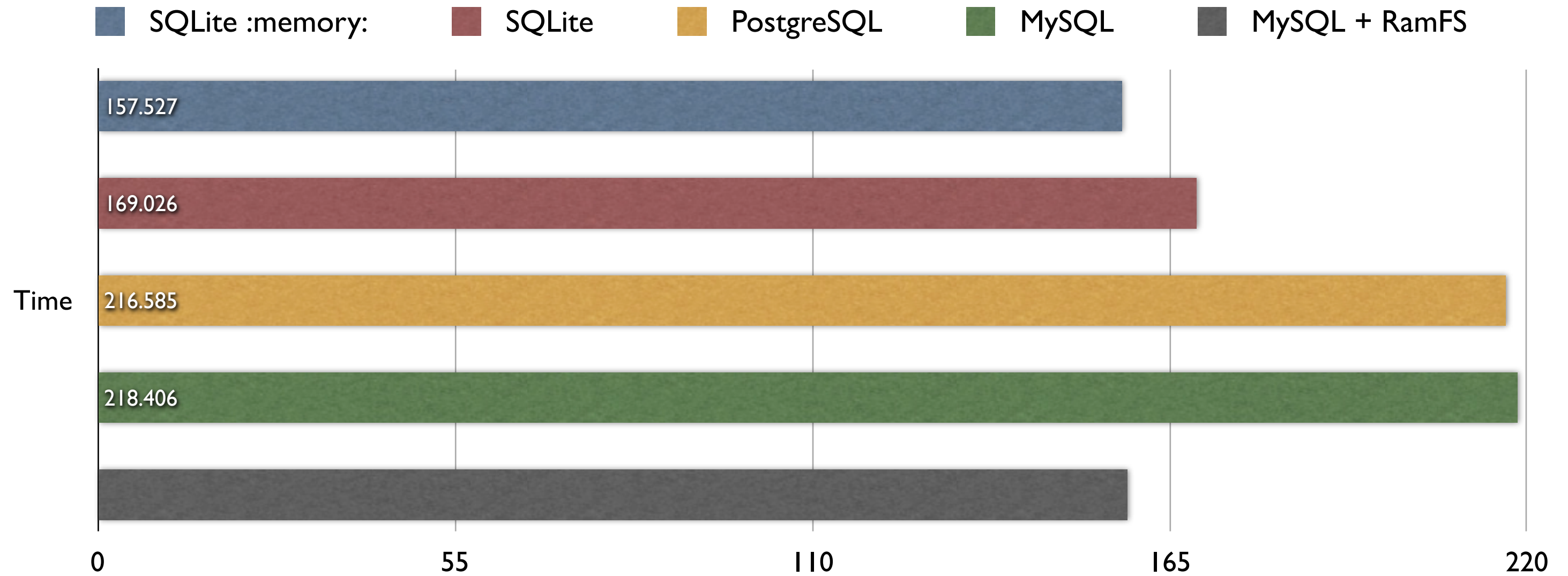


4th Solution

MySQL + RamFS (*tmpfs*)

- Mount a tmpfs
- Create second MySQL instance on a different socket/port using this mount as data dir
- Tell Django to use it
- [More info by click](#)

Results



5th Solution

Multiprocessing

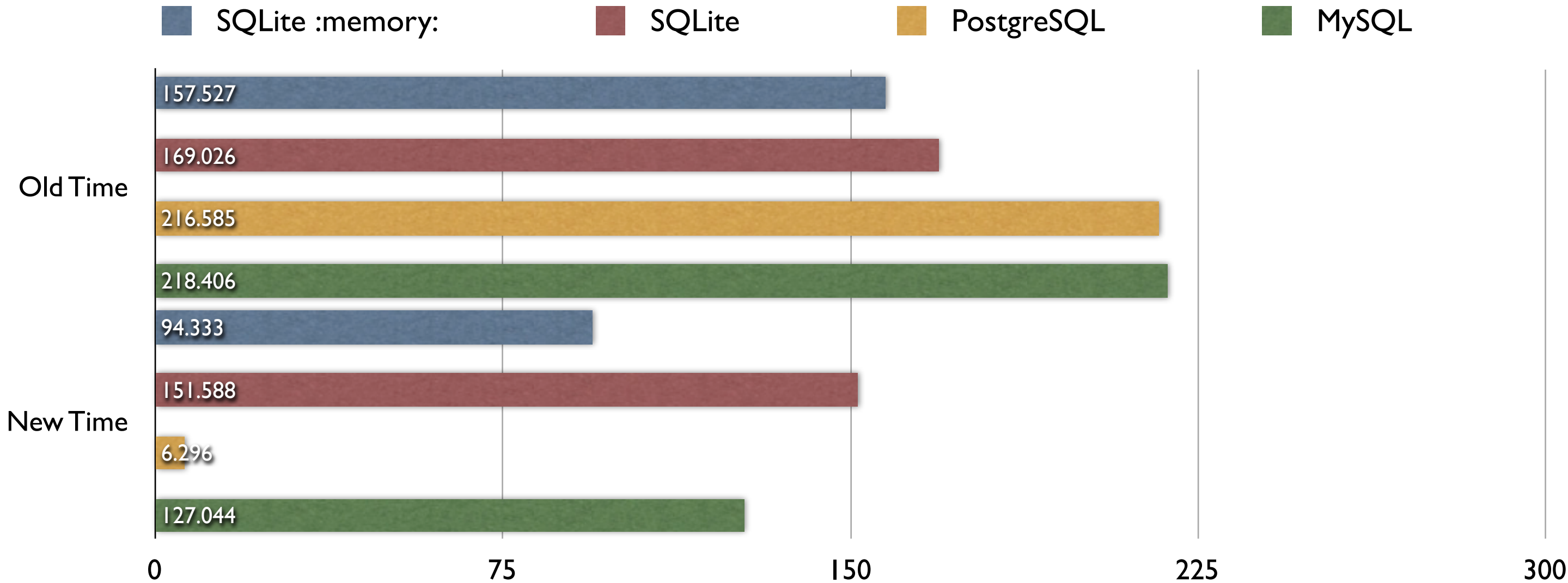
- pip install nose
- pip install django-nose
- Update test settings with:

```
TEST_RUNNER = 'django_nose.NoseTestSuiteRunner'  
NOSE_ARGS = ['--processes', '2'] # For dual-core CPU
```

New results

Database	TEST_NAME	Time
SQLite	:memory:	94.333s
SQLite	test_sqlite3.db	151.588s
PostgreSQL	test_postgresql	6.296s
MySQL	test_mysql	127.044s

New results



New problems

- It's totally mess with data, you don't know how things going on next test run
- “Database is locked” errors
- Needs only multi-core CPU
- Official BEWARE from nose documentation

6th Solution

Mix it up!

- The most obvious choice is to continue use SQLite in-memory database, but with multiprocessing
- Or, really, buy new MacBook Pro (that would be introduced on next week :))

Questions?